



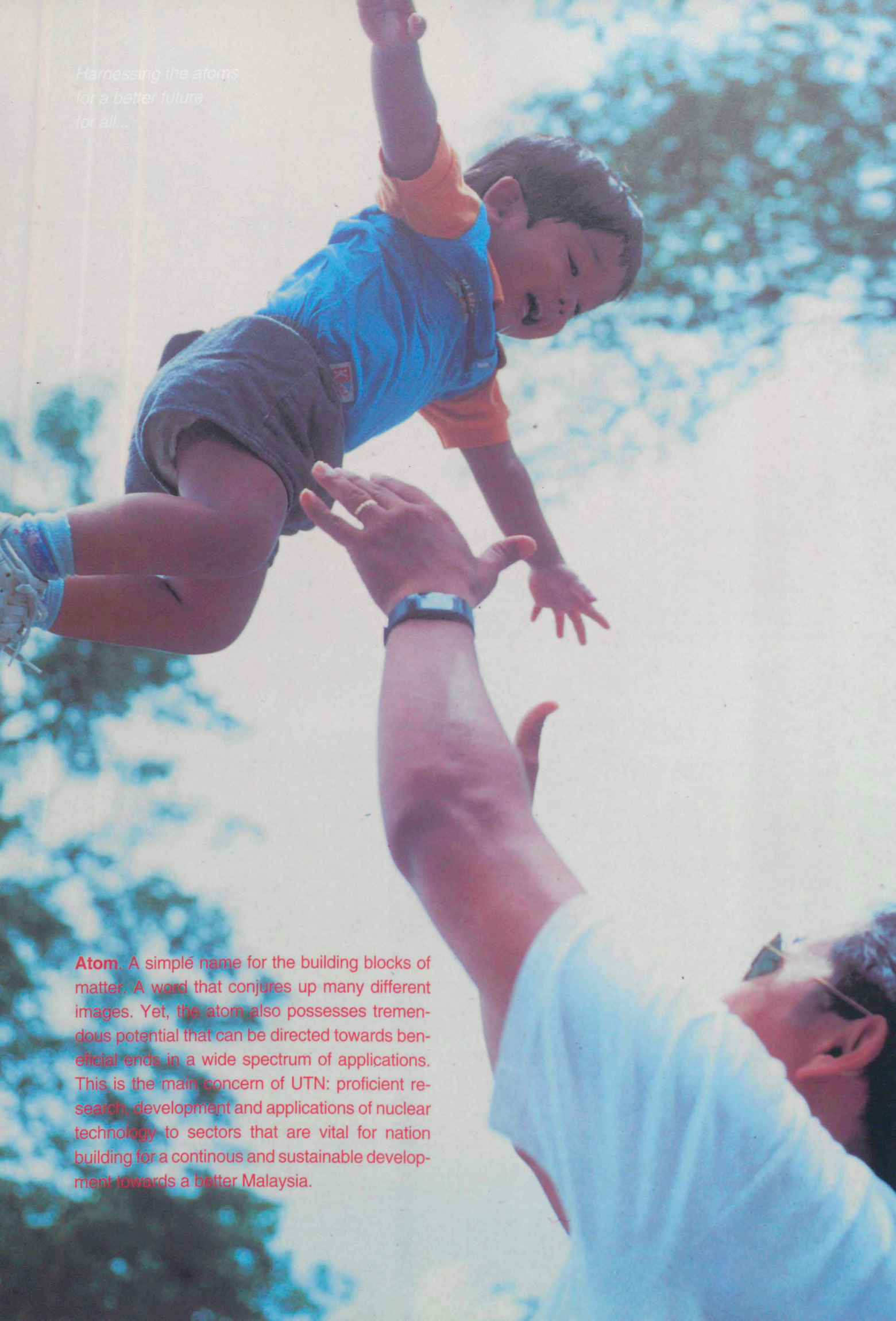
**A Centre Of Excellence In  
Nuclear Technology**

*Harnessing the atoms  
for a better future  
for all...*

**UTN**

**Unit Tenaga Nuklear  
Nuclear Energy Unit  
MALAYSIA**





*Harnessing the atoms  
for a better future  
for all...*

**Atom.** A simple name for the building blocks of matter. A word that conjures up many different images. Yet, the atom also possesses tremendous potential that can be directed towards beneficial ends in a wide spectrum of applications. This is the main concern of UTN: proficient research, development and applications of nuclear technology to sectors that are vital for nation building for a continuous and sustainable development towards a better Malaysia.

## **OUR MISSION STATEMENT**

To enhance Malaysia's nation-building prowess through excellence in nuclear technology





## ***THIS IS UTN***

The UTN administrative and laboratory buildings are located at two sites around Bangi. Lying amidst fresh greenery, both sites afford a serene and conducive working environment.

The 66-acre Bangi site, known affectionately and for historical reasons as Kompleks PUSPATI (Pusat Penyelidikan Atom Tun Ismail), houses the central administrative building and some of the laboratories. Standing on the highest point at the same site is Reaktor TRIGA PUSPATI (RTP), the first Malaysian nuclear research reactor.

The 200-acre Kompleks Dengkil site was acquired in 1984. This site is home to UTN's more recent laboratories, research facilities, and agricultural experimental plot.





## THE MANAGEMENT TEAM

### **Director General**

*Dr. Ahmad Sobri Hj. Hashim*

### **Deputy Director General**

*Dr. Nahrul Khair Alang Md. Rashid*

### **Division Directors**

#### **Research**

*Dr. Abdul Ghaffar Ramli (Acting)*

#### **Operations**

*Tuan Haji Razali Hamzah*

#### **Support Services and Co-ordination**

*Puan Noor Asmara Mohd. Noor*

### **Head, Planning Unit**

*Encik Adnan Haji Khalid*

## OUR PROFILE

UTN is a research and development institute with activities spanning diverse areas of research converging to a common denominator - nuclear technology.

This diversity affords UTN a panoramic view of various sectors' interplay and interdependency that is useful for positioning itself to optimize its contribution in line with the need of Malaysia.

UTN is backed by excellent research laboratories, facilities, and staff. To date, seven of the twenty-three commercially viable research findings marketed by MTDC (Malaysian Technology Development Corporation) resulted from UTN's research and development efforts.

The major research facilities and other services available at UTN are also accessible through its Customer Service Unit (UPP).

Being a partner in international and bilateral collaborative research program, UTN facilitates inflow of technology and reflects Malaysia's capacity for technology absorption. As a result, the technology mix of Malaysia is gradually enriched to include nuclear as a real player in the generation of new products and processes as well as improvement of existing ones.



## PLANT ENGINEERING QUALITY ASSURANCE

Industrial plant fabrication and operation in Malaysia began with the standards set by the advent of the rubber industry and then improved with the introduction of the oil-palm industry. Recently, the oil and gas industry has begun to dictate higher standards of safety and plant quality assurance. To assist these requirements, UTN developed the non-destructive evaluation (NDE) techniques and created competent local workers through national certification schemes – fulfilling the ever growing demand for highly skilled manpower to perform such specialized techniques required by a dynamic and growing Malaysia.



REDEFINING PLANT ENGINEERING STANDARDS...

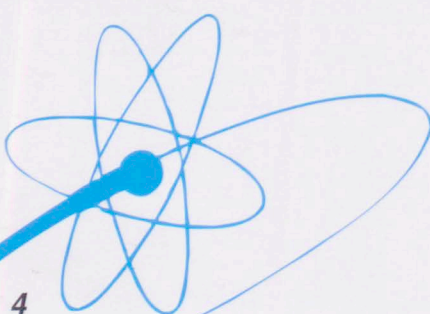


*Trouble-shooting at an oil refinery*



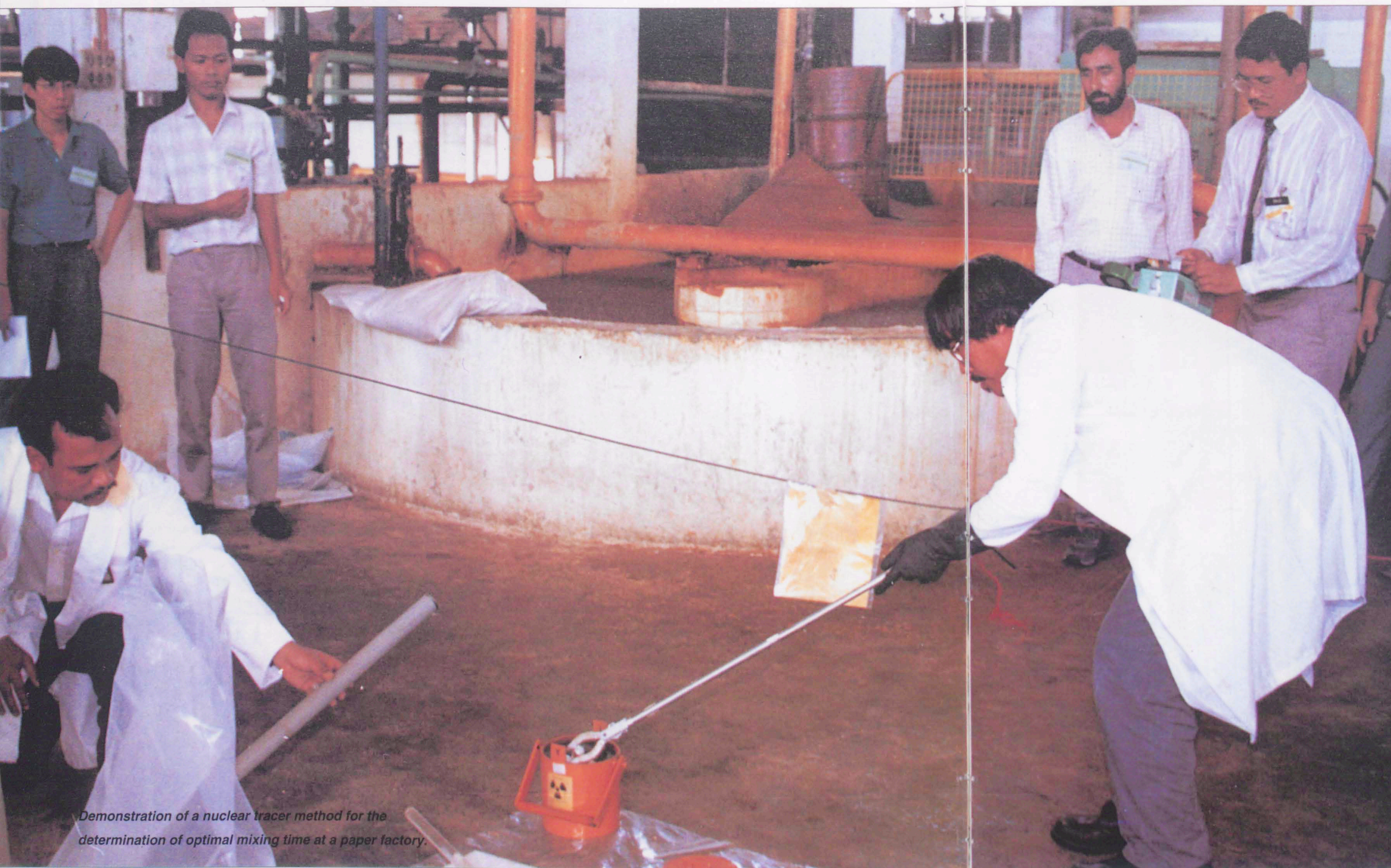
*Consultation work with the local industry*

Conducting multi-leveled, nationally certified courses in NDE viz. Radiography, ultrasonics, eddy-current, magnetic particle and liquid penetrant



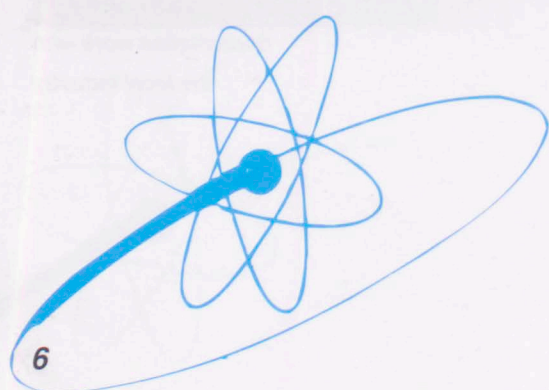


One of the main thrusts of UTN is building indigenous capabilities in nuclear technology, thus creating new avenues for industries to grow. In-house capabilities are transferred to local industries to achieve savings in time, energy, and cost attainable through process optimization by nuclear technique.



*Demonstration of a nuclear tracer method for the determination of optimal mixing time at a paper factory.*

## RIISING TO THE CHALLENGE OF ADAPTING A NEW TECHNOLOGY...



*Tracing radiotracers in flow studies*



*Using radiotracers in studying the efficiency of industrial incinerators*



*Use of radiotracer in sediment transport studies at Bintulu Port*



## RADIATION TECHNOLOGY

Radiation processing is a fast emerging technology in Malaysia. Beginning with SINAGAMA, the UTN 2 MCi gamma irradiator, other similar facility will soon be operated by a local company for sterilization of medical rubber gloves and disposables. This is one UTN success story in technology transfer and a gratifying symbol of the acceptance of nuclear technology. The high quality and value added products, cost-effectiveness, and environment-friendliness of the manufacturing process by radiation technology are easily recognized and adapted by the industry. Research in radiation vulcanized natural rubber latex (RVNRL) by gamma, surface coating and wire and cable cross-linking by electron beam are at the various stages in the footstep of the successful gamma irradiation project.



*The UTN ISO 9002 SINAGAMA plant. From research, process, product, excellence in plant operation, to technology transfer. UTN shows the way, all the way.*

**UPGRADING PROCESS AND PRODUCT QUALITY...**

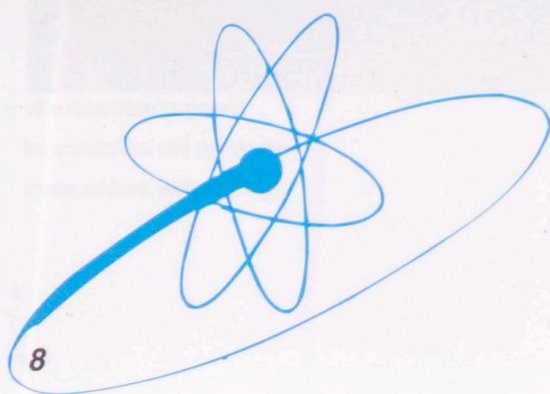


*Radiation-sterilized rubber gloves*



*Surface coated parquet using rubber and palm oil resin*

*RVNRL yields superior quality over conventional vulcanization method*





Nuclear medicine is gaining recognition as an important sub-speciality of diagnostic medicine in Malaysia. UTN is instrumental to this growing recognition by complementing the radiopharmaceutical needs of this component. In doing so, it has developed facilities meeting the requirements of the Drug Control Authority, Ministry of Health Malaysia, for the production of radiopharmaceuticals. More importantly, this expertise and facilities can easily be adapted to complement R&D needs of local pharmaceutical industry.



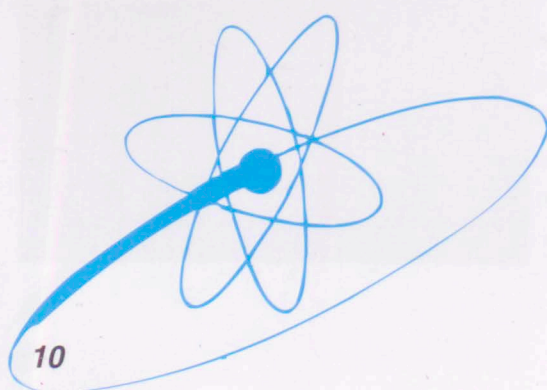
Radioisotope production facility or "Hot Cells"

Freeze-drying of pharmaceutical kits in aseptic conditions of a Clean Room

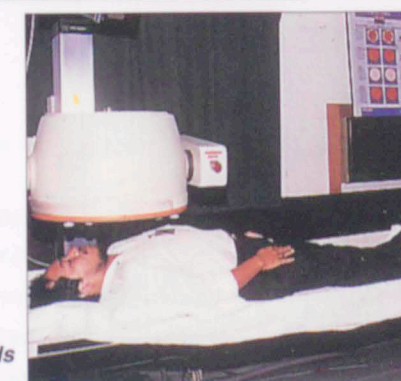


Sterile ready-to-inject radioisotopes and radiopharmaceutical kits produced at UTN

## A GROWING POTENTIAL...



Imaging of thyroid glands



Clinical trial – a UTN volunteer is being injected with UTN's sterile, ready-to-inject, Tc-99m solution



## AGRICULTURE AND BIOTECHNOLOGY

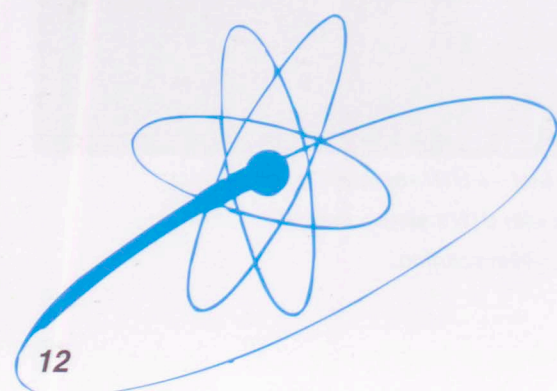
The success of radiation mutant rice *Tongkat Ali* developed by UTN raised excitement that this technique be used to produce superior mutant strains of groundnuts, bananas and horticulture to mention but a few. Studies on the effective management and sustainance of soil fertility by the application of fertilisers are carried out using radiotracers. Although food irradiation for public retail is forbidden by law in Malaysia, it was found that this technique proved to be ideal for the management of certain post-harvest and meat products. This has a good potential once legislative matters have been sorted out.



A radiation mutant orchid. Radiation only hastens the natural phenomena of organisms to adapting to the environment by mutation.



### ADDING A NEW DIMENSION TO AGRICULTURE...



From plantlets to products: a time sequential record of the tissue culture of banana plants that has been exposed to radiation



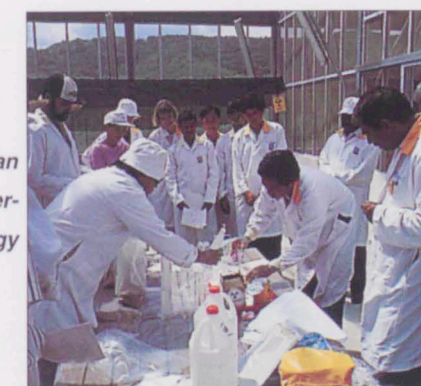


## TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER

Technology transfer at UTN is a dynamic process. New skills and expertise are acquired, developed and then transferred to the local community when they are proven to positively assist national development. Seminars, training courses, demonstration, consultancy, tutelage, joint projects with other universities and other agencies, public and private, and in-house attachment programmes are all technology transfer mechanisms. UTN is recognised as one of the leading nuclear research institutes in this region and serves as intermediary for scientists coming from less developed countries.



Attachments of students from  
local institutes of higher  
learning



Training courses has been an  
effective method of transfer-  
ring technology



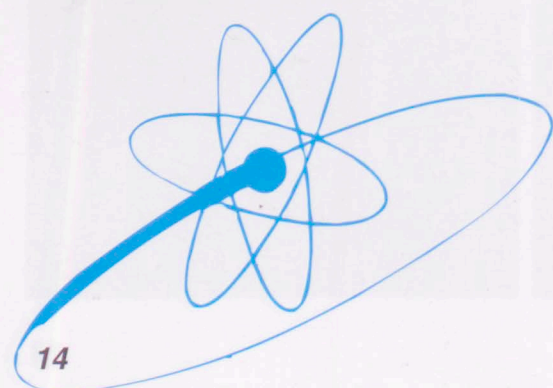
An international course  
being conducted at UTN

Due to its superior  
charecteristics, the padi  
farmers in Bumbung Lima,  
Pulau Pinang have been  
partial to cultivating the  
Tongkat Ali padi strain – a  
UTN radiation mutation  
product



Bouncing of ideas in a discussion on a  
specific nuclear technique

BUILDING THE NATION, TOGETHER ...





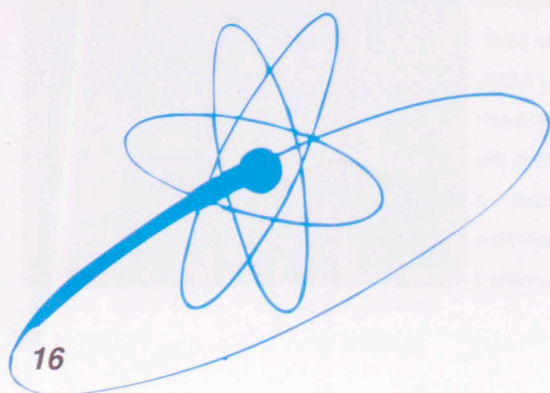
## PUBLIC AWARENESS

The image of its awesome destructive power seemed to have fused a permanent association between nuclear and everything, except anything favourable. Lately, increasing concern on environment quality world wide, and realization of the role of nuclear technology in clean energy, among others, softens the hard one-sided view somewhat. To further raise general understanding on matters related to nuclear technology public awareness and education program features regularly in UTN activities. While not denying the risks associated with the technology, its beneficial aspects are acknowledged and highlighted particularly when it presents the only solution or when it is more beneficial over other methods.



Dissemination of information at a UTN exhibition booth

### BALANCING THE VIEW ON NUCLEAR TECHNOLOGY...



Visits to the cobalt-60 facility and RTP



Sharing the knowledge – participants of one of UTN's training course

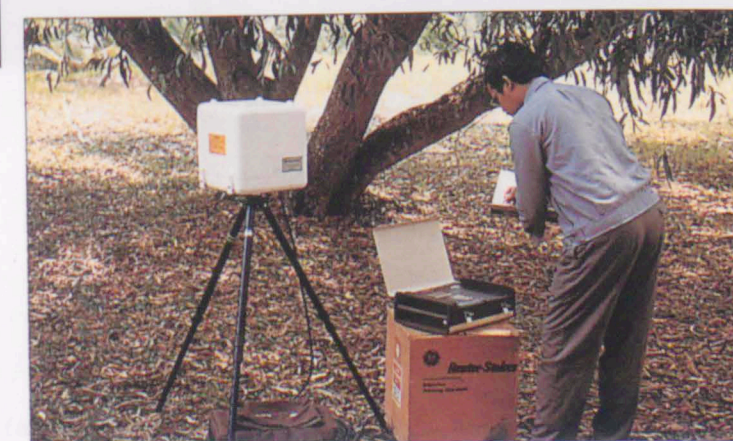


## HEALTH AND SAFETY

Effective management and respect for health & safety are essential for the successful introduction and assimilation of any technology. UTN is fully equipped and committed to maintain the highest standards of safety through continuous monitoring of the environment and its personnel as well as others, thus assuring peaceful co-existence between development and the environment.

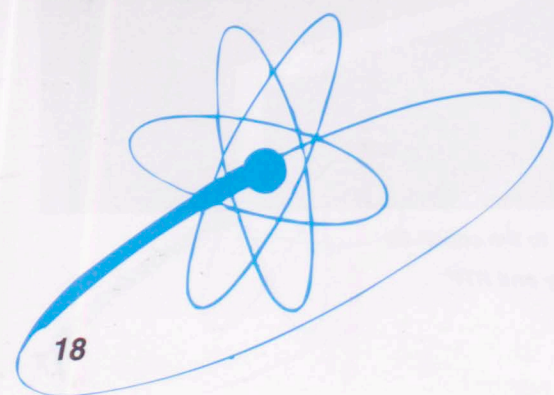


Some of personnel monitoring devices commonly used by radiation workers



Environmental monitoring – peaceful coexistence between technology and environment.

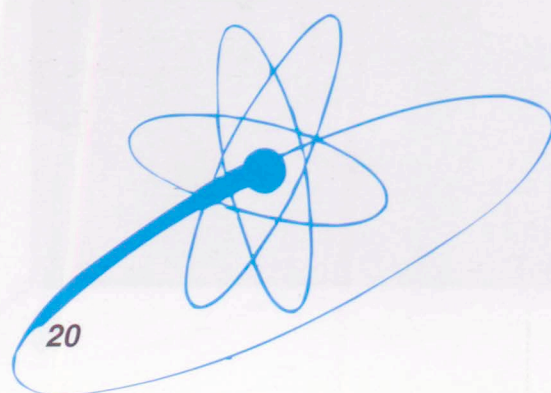
MAINTAINING THE HIGHEST SAFETY STANDARD...







## UPGRADING THE QUALITY OF LIFE...



## ENVIRONMENT

Contrary to general perceptions, nuclear technology is a non-polluting. UTN is doing its part in the care and protection of the environment through the promotion and use of this technology. The movements of pesticides and their eventual fate can be traced using radioactive tracers. Sewer plumes are traced for their mixing and residence transit times. Instead of being an agro-industrial problem, agro-cultural by-products are being churned out to be a useful matrix for the cultivation of mushrooms. In hydrology, ground water aquifers are being studied to protect fresh water resources.

*The recent commissioning of the 3 MeV Electron Beam machine at UTN provides insight to a similar device potentially capable of treating industrial acidic flue gases or adapted for waste water treatment*



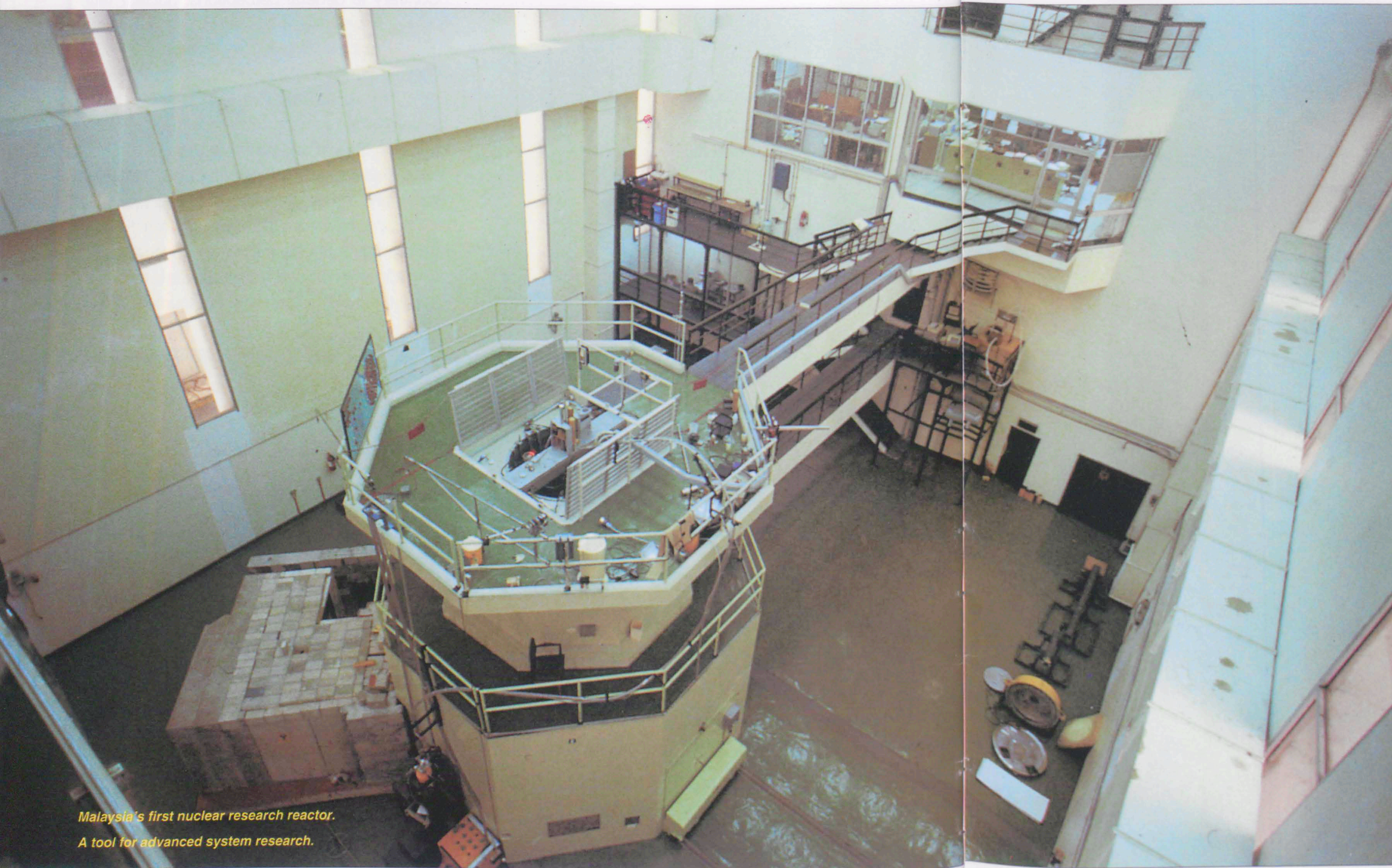
*Oil palm empty fruit bunch (EFB) are wastes causing environmental problems to the oil palm industry. At UTN, EFB is radiation treated to eliminate futile and sometimes toxic micro-organisms, thus making it suitable for cultivation of useful organisms e.g. mushrooms*



*Leakage detection at Kenyir Dam*

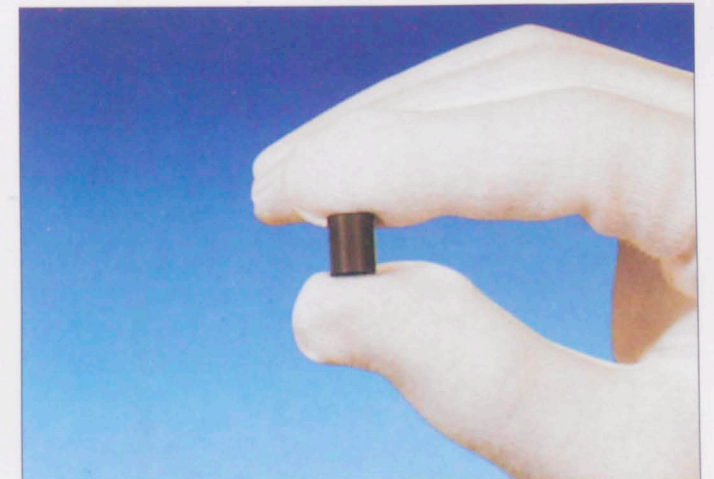


Nuclear power generation is a passive option in Malaysia's four-fuel policy. Its implementation requires a long lead time, some 10 to 15 years, infrastructures must be in place, adequate manpower must be trained, reactor systems must be understood and evaluated. UTN is continuously studying the nation's electrical power demand vis-a-vis resources available against a backdrop of a fully developed Malaysia. This demanding technology will add new dimensions to plant safety while setting the trend for a more responsible work force and work culture. More importantly, it will spur the manufacturing sector to meet the nuclear grade, the highest manufacturing engineering safety standard and quality. In addition, solar energy research centres around the search for a low-cost solar cell from novel materials.



Malaysia's first nuclear research reactor.  
A tool for advanced system research.

## ENERGY PLANNING FOR A TIME BEYOND...





In this exciting stage of national development

UTN finds nuclear and associated technologies to

increasingly become the answer to current and

the promise to future nation building efforts,

let us lead you

## BEYOND THE VISION

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